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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

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- (a) examining a color component of a pixel in the image;
- (b) selectively applying a tone map to the color component of the pixel
 to create an output color component only when the color component is not in a dark area of the image.
 - 2. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

repeating steps (a) and (b) for essentially each pixel in the image.

3. The method of claim 1, further comprising:

blending the transition between pixels in the image that are in a dark area and pixels in the image that are not in a dark area.

- 4. The method of claim 1 where the tone map is using a gamma correction curve.
- 5. A method of processing color image data contained in an array of pixels, comprising:

selecting at least one threshold;

- (a) reading a color component of a pixel;
- (b) transforming the color component of the pixel with a tone map when the color component of the pixel is greater than the threshold and otherwise preserving the color component.

The method of claim 5, further compr	isin	g:
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- repeating steps (a) and (b) for essentially each pixel in the array.
- 7. The method of claim 6 where steps (a) through (b) are repeated to create a new output color component for each of the color components in the color image.
 - 8. The method of claim 7 where a different threshold is used to create each output color component in the color image.
 - 9. The method of claim 7 where there are different tone maps for creating each output color component in the color image.
 - 10. The method of claim 5 where the threshold is approximately 20 eight bit counts.
 - 11. The method of claim 5 where the threshold is approximately 10 eight bit counts.
 - 12. A scanner, comprising:
- a photo-sensor array for converting an image into an electrical signal; an A-to-D converter to convert the electrical signal into raw digital
- 4 data;
- a tone map for transforming the raw digital data into corrected digital
- 6 data;

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the scanner configured to output the corrected digital data only when
the raw digital data is greater than a pre-selected value.

- 13. A method of processing data contained in an array of pixels, comprising:
- defining a threshold;

defining a range around the threshold, the range having a top end and a

4 bottom end;

defining a tone map;

- (a) reading a color component of a pixel;
- (b) applying the tone map to the color component when the color component is above the top of the high end;
- (c) modifying the color component by interpolation when the color component is below the top end of the high range and above the bottom end of the low range, and;

otherwise preserving the color component.

- 14. The method of claim 12 further comprising:
- repeating steps (a) through (c) for each pixel in the array.
 - 15. The method of claim 13 where steps (a) through (c) are repeated to create a new output color component for each of the color components in the color image.

- 16. The method of claim 14 where a different threshold is used to create each output color component in the color image.
- 17. A camera, comprising:
- 2 a photo sensor;
 - a lens system that forms an image on the photo sensor;
- a tone map for mapping image data;
 - a processor configured to map image data only when the image data
- 6 exceeds a predetermined value.
 - 18. A camera, comprising:
- a photo sensor;
 - a lens system that forms an image on the photo sensor;
- a means for mapping the image data;
 - a processor configured to map the image data only when the image
- 6 data exceeds a predetermined value.